

syngenta_®

An emulsifiable concentrate containing 100 g/l (9.9% w/w) difenoconazole and 250 g/l (24.8%w/w) tebuconazole.

A fungicide with contact and systemic activity against Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicala), Glume Blotch (Phaeosphaeria nodorum), Fusarium sp. and Brown rust (Puccinia recondita) in winter wheat and against Leaf spot (Phoma lingam) in oilseed rape.



FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

MAGNELLO is an emulsifiable concentrate formulation containing

250 g/l (24.8% w/w) tebuconazole and 100 g/l (9.9% w/w) difenoconazole

Warning.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Keep out of reach of children.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contactor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone of 5m to surface water bodies. Direct spray away from water.

PCS No . 04118

In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44 (0)1484 538444 any time SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE. PROTECT FROM FROST.

Product names marked ® or ™, the ALLIANCE FRAME the SYNGENTA Logo and the PURPOSE ICON are Trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

5 litres

Authorisation Holder	Marke
Syngenta UK Ltd	Synge
CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn,	Block
	Kilmea
Tel: +44 (0)1223 883400	Tel: (0

Marketing Company				
Syngenta Ireland Limited				
Block 6, Cleaboy Business Park, Old				
Kilmeaden Road, Waterford				
Tal: (051) 377203				



MAGNELLO

CONDITIONS FOR USE

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

Crop	Max. individual dose	Max. no. of applications	Max. total dose	Latest timing of application.
Winter wheat	1.0l/ha	1	1.0l/ha/crop	Before watery-ripe stage (GS 71).
Oilseed rape (winter and spring)	0.8l/ha	2	1.6l/ha/crop	Before first flowers open (GS 60).

ADDITIONAL SAFETY INFORMATION

(a) Operator protection

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling contaminated surfaces during spray application.

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) during spray application when using ground-based / vehicle mounted / drawn sprayers.

WASH SPLASHES from skin or eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.

FOR USE VIA TRACTOR MOUNTED/TRAILED SRAYERS ONLY.

(b) Environmental protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

(c) Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER tightly closed, in a safe place.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

This leaflet is part of the approved Product Label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

An emulsifiable concentrate containing 100 g/l (9.9% w/w) difenconazole and 250 g/l (24.8% w/w) tebuconazole. MAGNELLO is a fungicide with contact and systemic activity against Septoria Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola), Glume Blotch (Phaeosphaeria nodorum), Fusarium Ear blight and Brown rust (Puccinia recondita) in winter wheat and against Leaf spot (Phoma lingam) in oilseed rape.

DISEASES CONTROLLED

Winter wheat

MAGNELLO provides a reduction of Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola), Glume Blotch (Phaeosphaeria nodorum) and Fusarium Ear blight and control of Brown rust (Puccinia recondita).

Oilseed rape

MAGNELLO provides control of Leaf spot (Phoma lingaria

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Winter wheat

On winter wheat 1.0 litres of MAGNELLO per hectare controls Brown rust (*Puccinia recondita*) and provides a reduction of Leaf Blotch (*Mycosphaerella graminicola*), Glume Blotch (*Phaeosphaeria nodorum*) and Fusarium (*Fusarium* sp.).

For most effective control of Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola), MAGNELLO should be applied as part of a programme of fungicides including a suitable product applied around flag leaf emergence (GS 37-45).

Timing

MAGNELLO should be applied at any time from the beginning of ear emergence stage of the crop to before grain watery-ripe stage (GS 51-71). Only one application should be made to any one crop.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

MAGNELLO contains a DMI fungicide. Resistance to some DMI fungicides has been identified in Leaf Blotch (Mycosphaerella graminicola) which may seriously affect the performance of some products. For further advice on resistance management in DMIs contact your agronomist or specialist advisor.

Oilseed rape

Up to two applications of 0.8 litres of MAGNELLO per hectare gives control of Leaf spot (*Phoma lingam*) in oilseed rape.

Timina

Leaf spot (Phoma lingam)

Magnello should be applied in the autumn from the 4 true leaf stage (GS 14) onwards when disease symptoms first occur. Repeat if foliar disease symptoms redevelop in late winter or early spring. Latest time of application is before flowering (GS 59).

MIXING AND SPRAYING

Mixing

Make sure the sprayer is set to give an even application at the correct volume.

Fill the spray tank with half the required volume of clean water and start agitation. Add the required amount of MAGNELLO and continue agitation while adding the rest of the water.

Agitate the mixture thoroughly before use and continue agitation during spraying.

Thoroughly wash all spray equipment with water immediately after use.

Spray Volume

Apply in a recommended 100-400 litres water per hectare

Spraying

Apply as a MEDIUM quality spray. A spray pressure of 2-3 bars is preferred

COMPATIBILITY

For further information on the tank mixture compatibilities, consult Syngenta Ireland Ltd.

ADDITIONAL PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION

This section does not form part of the label.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name: MAGNELLO
Design Code: A16171A

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use: Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park

Fulbourn,

Cambridge CB21 5XE

Phone: (01223) 883400 Fax: (01223) 882195 Website: www.syngenta.co.uk

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone No.: +44 (0) 1484 538444

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008

 Eye irritation
 Category 2
 H319

 Reproductive Toxicity
 Category 2
 H361d

 Acute aquatic toxicity
 Category 1
 H400

 Chronic aquatic toxicity
 Category 1
 H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Xn, Harmful

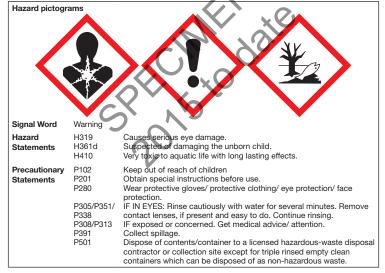
N, Dangerous for the environment.

R51/53: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child

2.2 Label elements

Labelling: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

tebuconazole

Labelling: EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Symbol(s)





HARMFUL

DANGEROUS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT

R-phrase(s)	R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
	R63	Possible risk of harm to the unborn child
S-phrase(s)	S2 S13 S20/21 S35	Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, dright and animal feedinstuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. This material and its containe must be disposed of in a safe way.
	S36/37	Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
	S57	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Additional labelling To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with instructions for use.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

tebuconazole

2.3 Other hazards None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical Name	CAS No. EC No. Registration Number	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No. 1272/2008	Concentration
Mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid – N,N- dimethylamide	14433-76-2 1118-92-9 238-405-1 214-272-5	Xi R38 R41	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Irrit.2; H319	40 – 60 % w/w
tebuconazole	107534-96-3 403-640-2	Xn, N R22 R51/53 R63	Repr.2; H361d Acute Tox.4; H302 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	24.8% w/w
difenoconazole	119446-68-3	Xn, N R22 R50/53	Acute Tox.4; H302 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	9.9 % w/w

Hazardous Component(s)

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16. For the full text of the H-statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General Advice: Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control centre or physician, or going for treatment. Inhalation: Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or Poison Control Centre immediately. Skin Contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Eye Contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required. Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Symptoms: No information available.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Medical advice: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxid

Extinguishing media - large fires

Use alcohol-resistant foam or Water spray.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8 Refer to disposal considerations listed in section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Physically and chemically stable for at least 2 years when stored in the original unopened sales container at ambient temperatures.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Registered Crop Protection products: For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	Exposure limit(s)	Type of exposure limit	Source
difenoconazole	8 mg/m³	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA

The following recommendations for exposure controls/personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of the product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures: Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. If airborne mists or vapors are generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls. Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hydiene advice.

Protective measures: The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice. Personal protective equipment should be certified to appropriate standards. Respiratory protection: A combination gas, vapour and particulate respirator may be necessary until effective technical measures are installed. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills, when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. Hand protection: Suitable material:Nitrile rubber Break through time: > 480 min Glove thickness: 0.5 mm Chemical resistant gloves should be used.

Gloves should be certified to an appropriate standard.

Gloves should have a minimum breakthrough time that is appropriate to the duration of exposure. The breakthrough time of gloves varies according to the thickness, material and manufacturer. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Eye Protection: If eye contact is possible, use tight-fitting chemical safety goggles.

Skin and body protection: Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing based on the potential for contact and the permeation / penetration characteristics of the clothing material. Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing. Decontaminate clothing before re-use, or use disposable equipment (suits, aprons, sleeves, boots, etc.). Wear as appropriate: impervious protective suit.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: liquid Form: solution

Colour: pale vellow to brown

pale yellow to brown

Odour: unpleasant
Odour Threshold: No data available

| Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho data available | Ho d

Boiling point/boiling range:
Flash point:
140 °C at 100.13 kPa
Evaporation rate:
Flammability (solid, gas):
Lower explosion limit:
No data available
No data available

Lower explosion limit:
Upper explosion limit:
Vapour pressure:
Relative vapour density:
No data available
No data available
No data available
1.007 o/cm³

Solubility in other solvents: No data available

Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: No data available Autoignition temperature: 375 °C

Thermal decomposition:
No data available
Viscosity, dynamic:
No data available
71.6 mPa.s at 20 °C

25.9 mPa.s at 40 °C

Viscosity, kinematic:

Explosive properties:

Oxidizing properties:

No data available
Not explosive
Not oxidising

9.2 Other Information Bulk density: Surface tension:

Not applicable 28.4 mN/m at 20 °C

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No information available

10.2 Chemical Stability:

No information available

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

No hazardous reactions by normal handling and storage

according to provisions.

No decomposition if used as directed.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

No decomposition if use

10.5 Incompatible materials:

No information available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic

and irritant vapours.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 female Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalational toxicity: LC50 Rat. > 5 mg/l . 4 h

The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar

composition.

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 male and female rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation: Rabbit: mildly irritating.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Rabbit: moderately irritating.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Buehler Test Guinea pig: Not a skin sensitizer in animal tests.

Germ cell mutagenicity

tebuconazole: Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments. difenoconazole: Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments. Carcinogenicity

tebuconazole: Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments. difenoconazole: Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

tebuconazole: Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory

animals.

difenoconazole: Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.

STOT - repeated exposure

difenoconazole: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 6.3 mg/l, 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates: EC50 Daphnia magna (water flea), 7.5 mg/l, 48h

Toxicity to aquatic plants: EbC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 3,4 mg/l, 96 h ErC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 10.0 mg/l, 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability:

mixture of octanoic acid-

decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide: Readily biodegradable

Stability in water

mixture of octanoic acid-

decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide: Not persistent in water difenoconazole: Degradation half life: 1d. Not persistent in water.

Stability in soil

mixture of octanoic acid-

decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide: Not persistent in soil.

difenoconazole: Degradation half life: 149 - 187 d.

Not persistent in soil.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

tebuconazole:

Does not bioaccumulate.

difenoconazole: Difenoconazole has high potential to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

difenoconazole: Low mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

tebuconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (vPvB). difenoconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioaccumulating (yPyB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other information: Classification of the product is based on the summation of the concentrations of classified components.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken for local recycling or waste disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1	UN Number	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (DIFENOCONAZOLE AND TEBUCONAZOLE)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
	Labels	:	9
14.5	Environmental hazards Tunnel restriction code	:	Environmentally hazardous E

Sea transport (IMDG)

14.1	UN Number :	:	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name :		ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (DIFENOCONAZOLE AND TEBUCONAZOLE)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es) :	: N	9
14.4	Packing Group		
	Labels		9
14.5	Environmental hazards :	:	Marine pollutant

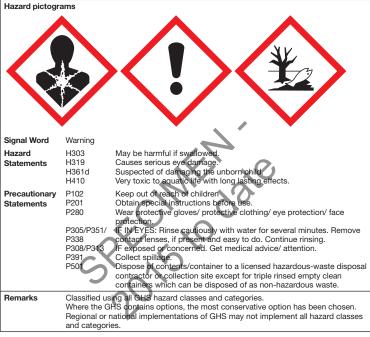
Air transport (IATA-DGR)

		$\overline{}$	
14.1	UN Number	: `	UN 3082
14.2	UN proper shipping name		ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (DIFENOCONAZOLE AND TEBUCONAZOLE)
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	:	9
14.4	Packing Group	;	III
	Labels	:	9
14.6	Special precautions for user	:	None

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

 $\textbf{15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture $$GHS-Labelling$$



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

tebuconazole

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required for this substance.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Approval number: PCS No. 04118

Full text of R phrases referred to under Section 2 and 3:

R22 Harmful if swallowed

R38 Irritating to skin

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R63 Possible risk of harm to the unborn child

Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3:

H302 Harmful if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Full text of other abbreviations

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

RID: Regulations concerning the International Car- riage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%

EC50: Effective dose. 50%

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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